







The Cross-Federal Initiative: Expanding Oral Health Access for Older Adults

Older Adults and Oral Health: Inspiring Community-Based
Partnerships for Healthy Mouths

May 15, 2013



Agenda

Oral Health Status and Resources from Federal Experts
Two Innovative Community Approaches
Question and Answer











Saving Lives. Protecting People. Saving Money through Prevention.

Older Adults and Oral Health:
Inspiring Community-Based Partnerships for Healthy Mouths
William Bailey, DDS, MPH
RADM, U.S. Public Health Service



Oral Health and Older Adults

- Oral health is vital to overall health and well being
- Disparities exist by age, race/ethnicity, poverty level and education
 - Unmet dental needs
 - Quality of life
- Disparities exist between residents of long term care facilities/homebound and non-institutionalized adults
- We are facing a 'tsunami' of need
- Most oral diseases are preventable
- Barriers exist to achieving good oral health

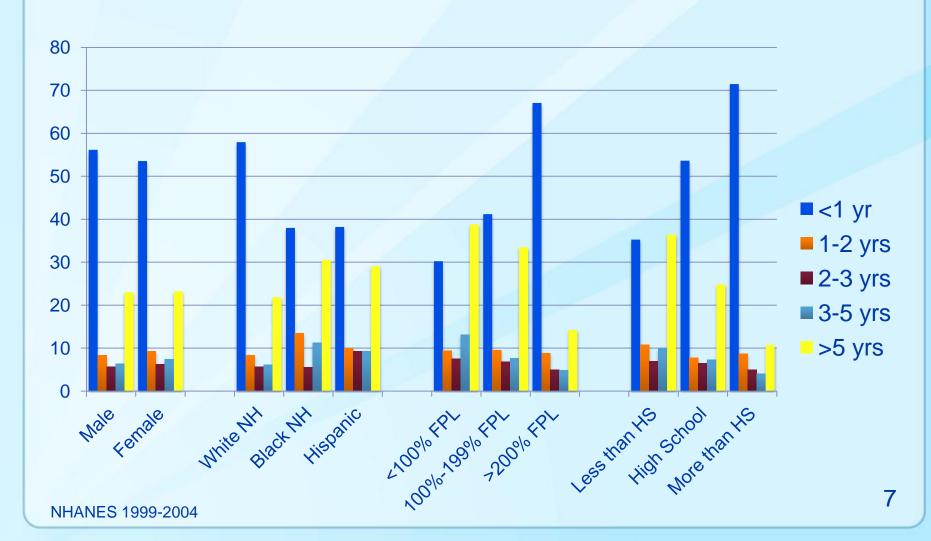
Barriers to Achieving Good Oral Health

- Low utilization of professional care
 - Cost
 - Access
 - Transportation
 - Lack of perceived need
- Poor general health
- Difficulties with self care
- Health literacy

Quality of Life

- Pain
 - Daily activities
 - Sleep
- Diet
- Social interaction
- Speech
- Physical appearance
- Self-esteem

Self-Reported Time Since last Dental Visit 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level, and Education



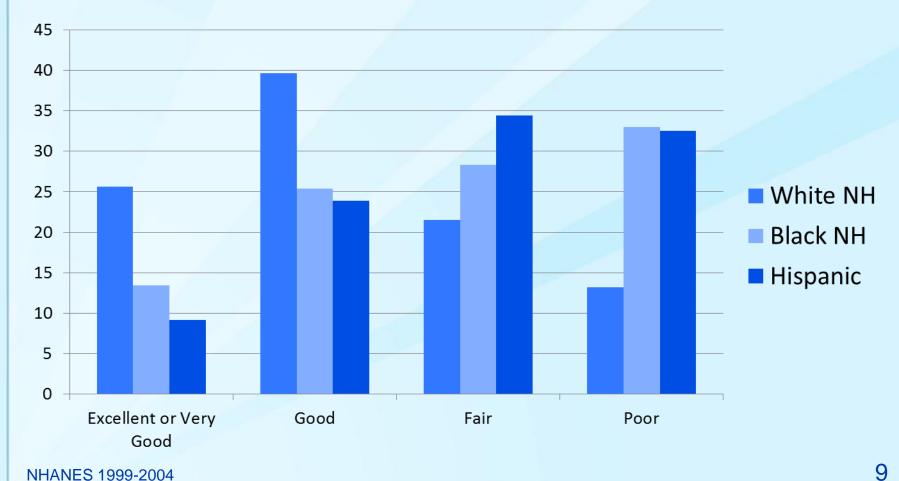


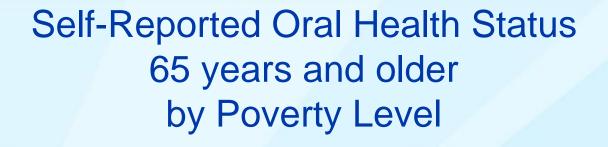


NHANES 1999-2004

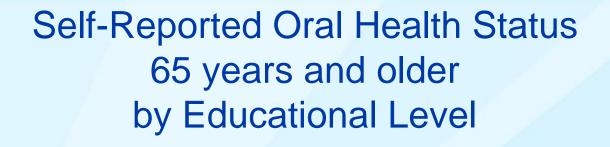
8





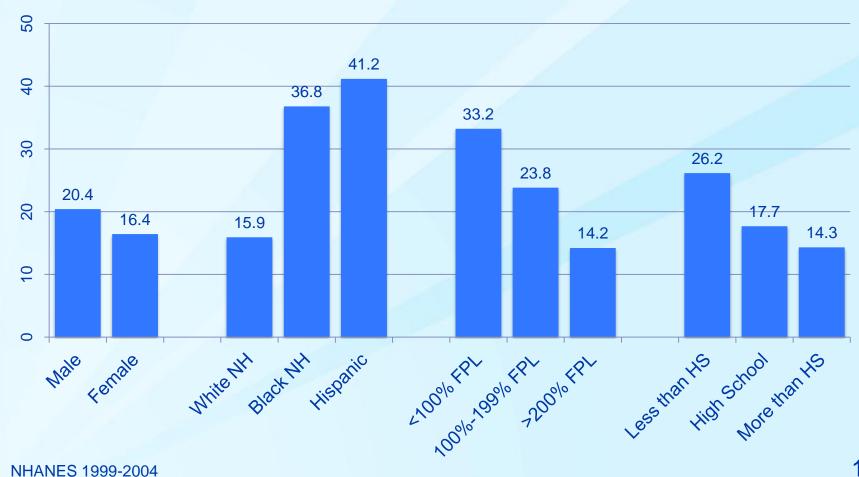






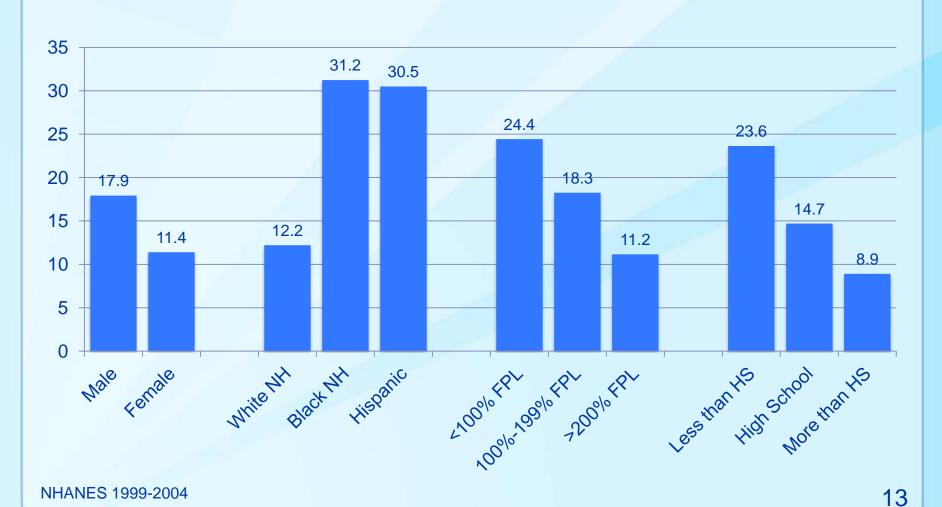


Prevalence of Untreated Decay 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level and Education

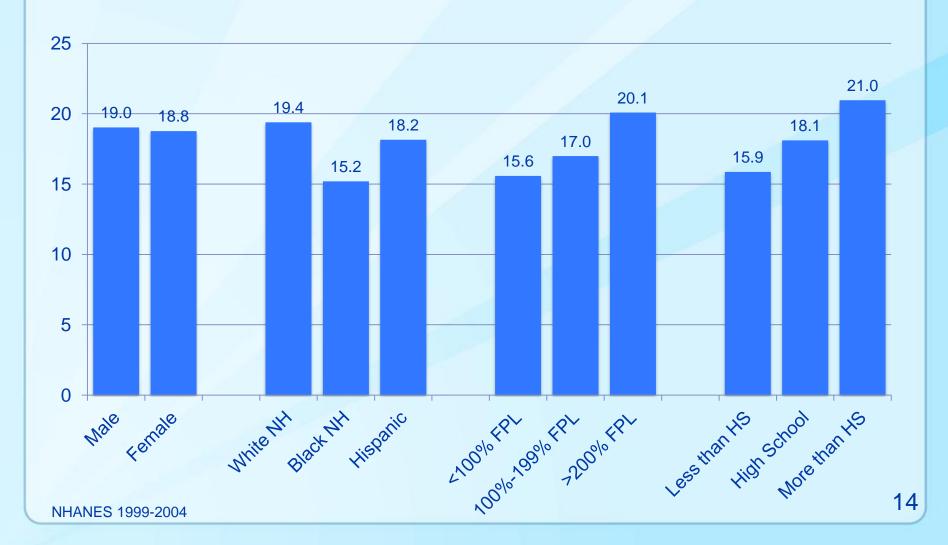


12

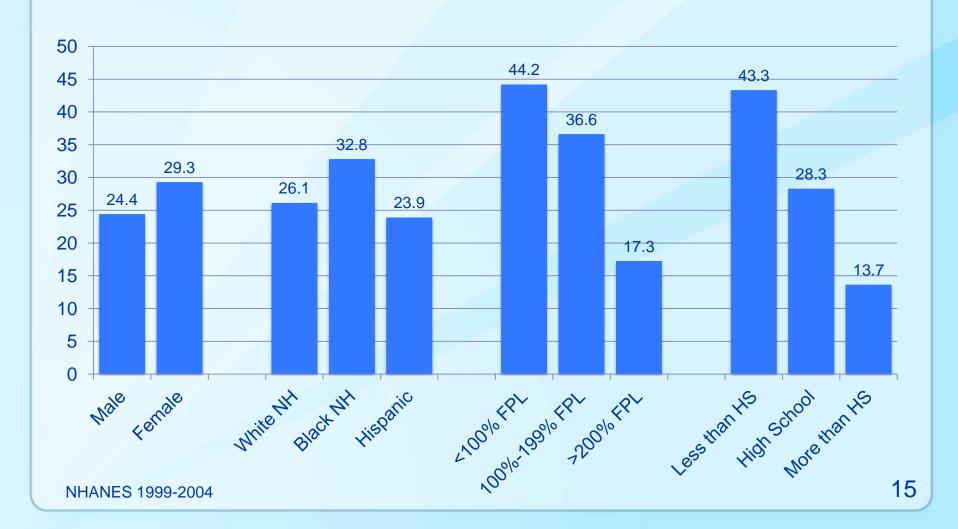
Prevalence of Root Caries 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level and Education



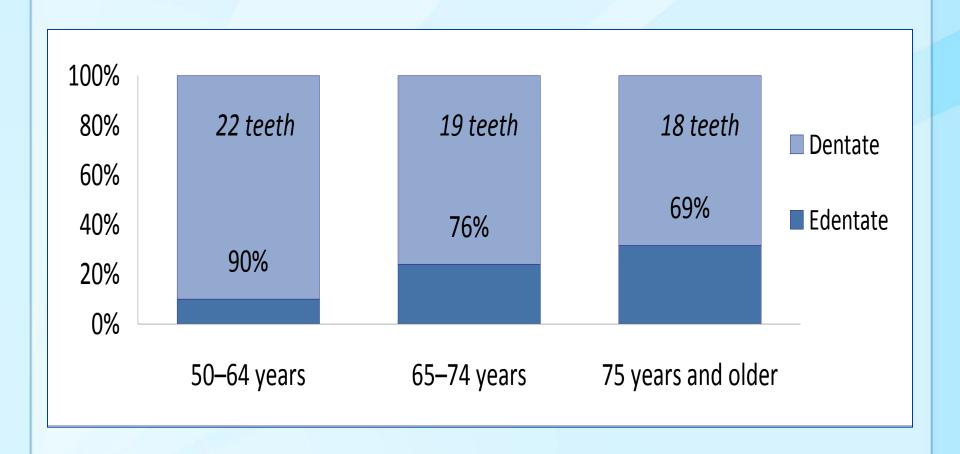
Average number of teeth, 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level and Education



Prevalence of total tooth loss, 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level and Education

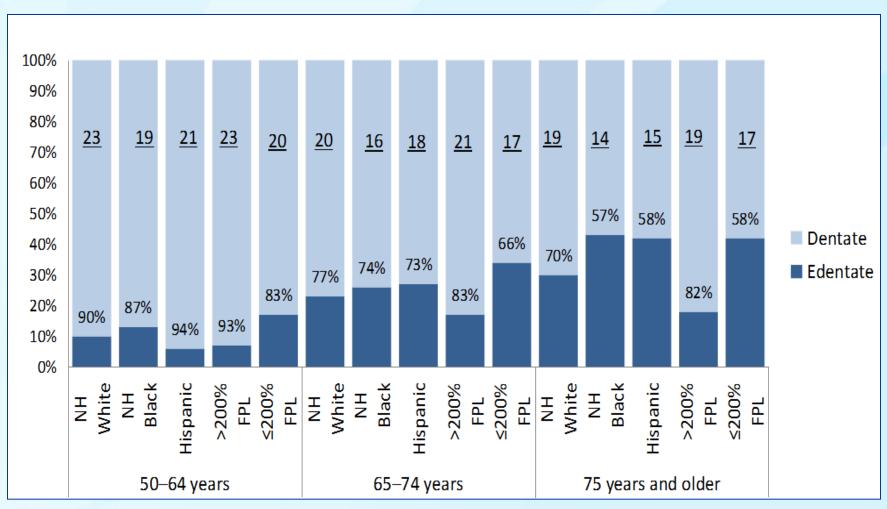


Total tooth loss and average number of teeth 50 years and older by age group



NHANES 1999-2004

Total tooth loss and average number of teeth 50 years and older by age group



NHANES 1999-2004

Priorities for Public Health

- Better data
- Strategies for homebound and long term care residents
- Community programs focused on prevention
- Expanded safety net
- Integration of oral health into primary care
- Improved health literacy
- Enhanced communication and coordination



Bureau of Primary Health Care Overview



Older Adults and Oral Health: Inspiring Community-Based Partnerships for Healthy Mouths

May 15, 2013

Angel L. Rodríguez-Espada, D.M.D.
Chief Dental Officer
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Health Resources and Services Administration
Bureau of Primary Health Care



Primary Health Care Mission



Improve the health of the Nation's underserved

communities and vulnerable populations by assuring access to comprehensive, culturally competent, quality primary health care services





The Health Center Program



- > 45 years delivering comprehensive, highquality, cost effective primary care
- > 1,100 health centers operating > 8,500 service delivery sites
- Provided care to approximately 20.2 million patients in CY 2011 in every State, DC, PR, USVI, and the Pacific Basin

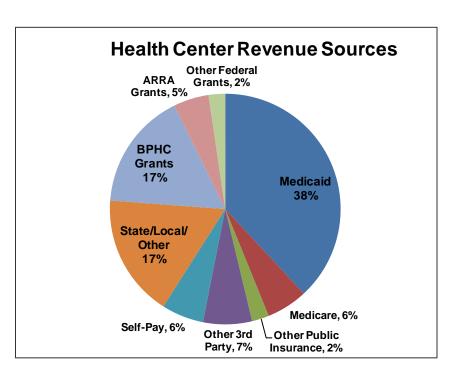


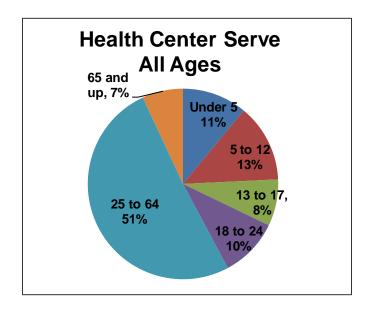
Health Center Program Overview Calendar Year 2011



20.2 Million Patients

- 93% Below 200% Poverty
- 36% Uninsured
- 62% Racial/Ethnic Minorities
- 1,087,000 Homeless Individuals
- 863,000 Farmworkers
- 188,000 Residents of Public Housing





80 Million Patient Visits

- 1,128 Grantees
- 8,500+ Service Sites

Over 138,000 Staff

- 9,937 Physicians
- 6,934 NPs, PA, & CNMs



Health Center Program Overview Calendar Years 2010, 2011



Oral Health Services

CY2010

- 3.8 Million Patient
- 9.2 Million Dental Patient Visits
- •2882 FTE Dentists
- 1144 Dental Hygienists
- •5426 Dental Assistants
- •Total: 9452 FTE

CY2011

- 4 Million Patients (+200,000)
- 10 Million Dental Patient Visits (+800,000)
- **•3095 FTE Dentists (+213)**
- •1285 Dental hygienists (+141)
- •5956 dental assistants (+530)
- •Total: 10337 FTE (+885)



Health Center Patients ≥ 65 y/o from 2007 to 2011



Year	Male	Female	Total	% Δ	Overall Δ
2007	438,743	689,121	1,127,864		
2008	469,218	735,005	1,204,223	6.70%	
2009	505,146	786,102	1,291,248	7.20%	
2010	524,759	807,636	1,332,395	3.20%	
2011	547,293	846,640	1,395,933	4.80%	23.80%



Health Center Program National Presence – May 2012







Health Center Grantees With On-Site Dental Services

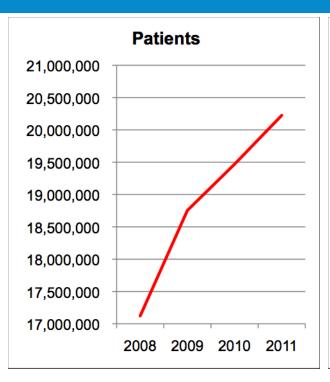


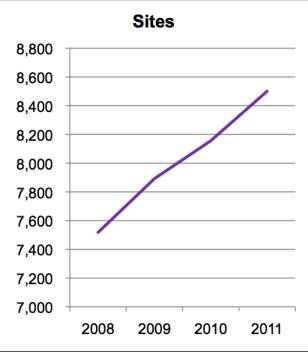


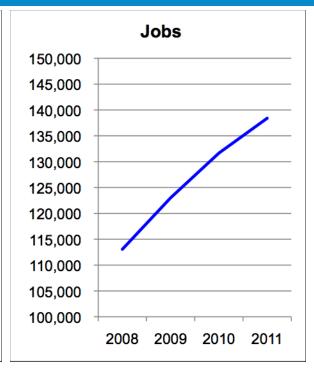


Health Center Program Growth: National Impact 2008 - 2011









	2008	2009	2010	2011	Growth from 2008-2011 (% Increase)
Patients	17,122,535	18,753,858	19,469,467	20,224,757	3,102,222 (18.1%)
Sites	7,518	7,892	8,156	8,501	983 (13.1%)
Jobs	113,059	123,012	131,660	138,403	25,344 (22.4%)



Health Center Performance 2009 Health Center Patient Survey



- Over 80% reported the overall quality of services received at the health center were "excellent" or "very good."
- Over 80% reported that they were "very likely" to refer friends and relatives to the health center.
- Over 75% reported the main reason for "going to the health center for healthcare instead of someplace else" was because it was convenient (28%), affordable (25%), and provided quality healthcare (22%).



Primary Health Care Our Focus



Primary

Health

Care/

Public Health

Leadership

Performance Improvement:

- Outreach/Quality of Care
- Health Outcomes/Disparities
 - Cost/Financial Viability

Program Requirements:

- Need
- Services
- Management and Finance
 - Governance



BPHC Quality Strategy



Better Care • Healthy People & Communities • Affordable Care

Strategy Implementation

- 1. Programs/Policies
- 2. Funding
- 3. Technical Assistance
- 4. Data/Information
- 5. Partnerships/Collaboration

INTEGRATED HEALTH SYSTEM



INTEGRATED SERVICES



COMPREHENSIVE SERVICES



ACCESS

Priorities & Goals

- Implementation of QI/QA Systems
 All Health Centers fully implement their QI/QA plans
- 2. Adoption and Meaningful Use of EHRs

 All Health Centers implement EHRs

 across all sites & providers
- 3. Patient-Centered Medical Home Recognition

 All Health Centers receive PCMH recognition
- 4. Improving Clinical Outcomes

 All Health Centers meet/exceed

 HP2020 goals on at least one UDS

 clinical measure
- 5. Workforce/Team-Based Care
 All Health Centers are
 employers/providers of choice and
 support team-based care



Patient-Centered Medical/ Health Home Initiative (PCMHH) **HRSA** Health Resources and Services Administration**

- Encourages and supports health centers to transform their practices and participate in the PCMHH recognition process to:
 - improve the quality of care and outcomes for health center populations;
 - increase access; and
 - provide care in a cost effective manner.
- HRSA/BPHC will cover recognition process fees and provide technical assistance resources for practice transformation.
- Participation is strongly encouraged and provides an opportunity for health centers to achieve PCMH recognition.



Primary Health Care and Public Health Leadership



National Oral Health Initiatives

http://www.hrsa.gov/publichealth/clinical/oralhealth/

Behavioral Health Initiatives

http://bphc.hrsa.gov/technicalassistance/tatopics/clinicalcareservices/index.html#Behavioral

Healthy Weight Collaborative

http://www.collaborateforhealthyweight.org/

Million Hearts Campaign

http://millionhearts.hhs.gov/

Text4baby

http://www.cdc.gov/women/text4baby/index.htm

Viral Hepatitis Initiative

http://www.hhs.gov/ash/initiatives/hepatitis/index.html



BPHC's Commitment



The Bureau of Primary Health Care remains committed to its mission and continues to broaden and strengthen the safety net of primary health care for underserved communities and vulnerable populations provided by the Health Center Program across the Nation and throughout all life cycles





Angel L. Rodríguez-Espada, DMD
Chief Dental Officer

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Health Resources and Services Administration
Bureau of Primary Health Care
1301 Young Street, Room 1030
Dallas, Texas 75202

Email: arodriguez-espada@hrsa.gov

Telephone: 214-767-3719







Oral Health & Older Adults

Laura Lawrence, Director
Office of Nutrition and Health Promotion Programs
Administration on Aging, Administration for Community Living

May 15, 2013



ACL – A New HHS Operating Division

Administration on Aging (AoA)



The Office on Disability (OD)



 The Administration on Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities (ADD)



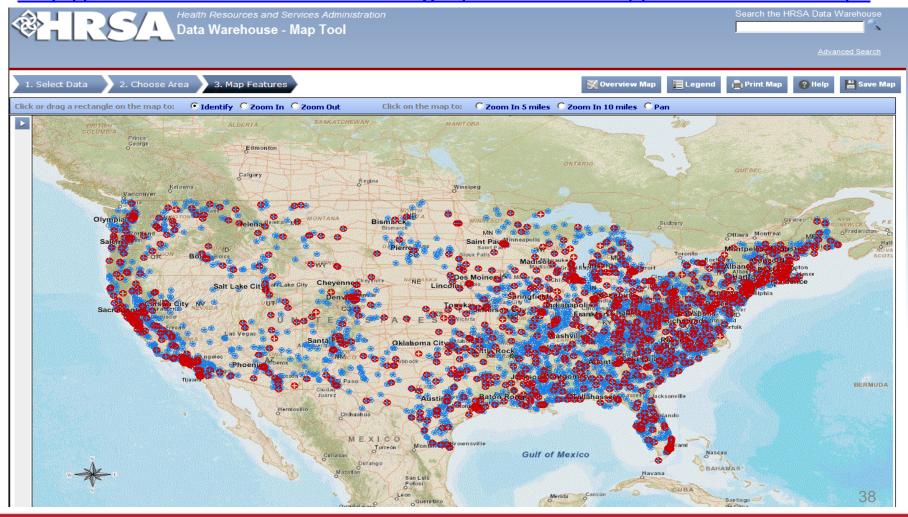
Access to Oral Health Care

Oral health is essential to overall health

- Community Health Centers (CHC) play a key role in improving access to oral health care for vulnerable and underserved populations
- The Aging Services Network (ASN) can help connect older adults to CHCs for oral health care, with the cost scaled to their ability to pay

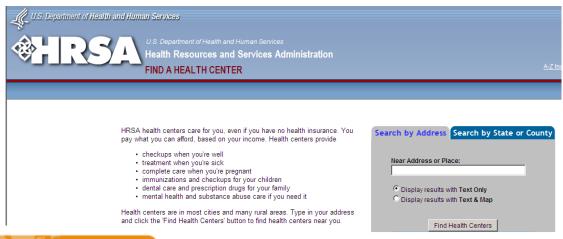
Community Health Center Coverage

http://www.findahealthcenter.hrsa.gov/DWOnlineMap/MainInterface.aspx



Find A Health Center Tools

http://www.findahealthcenter.hrsa.gov/tools.aspx







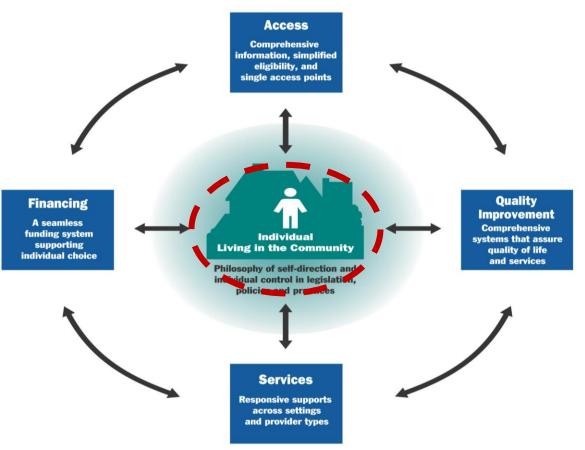


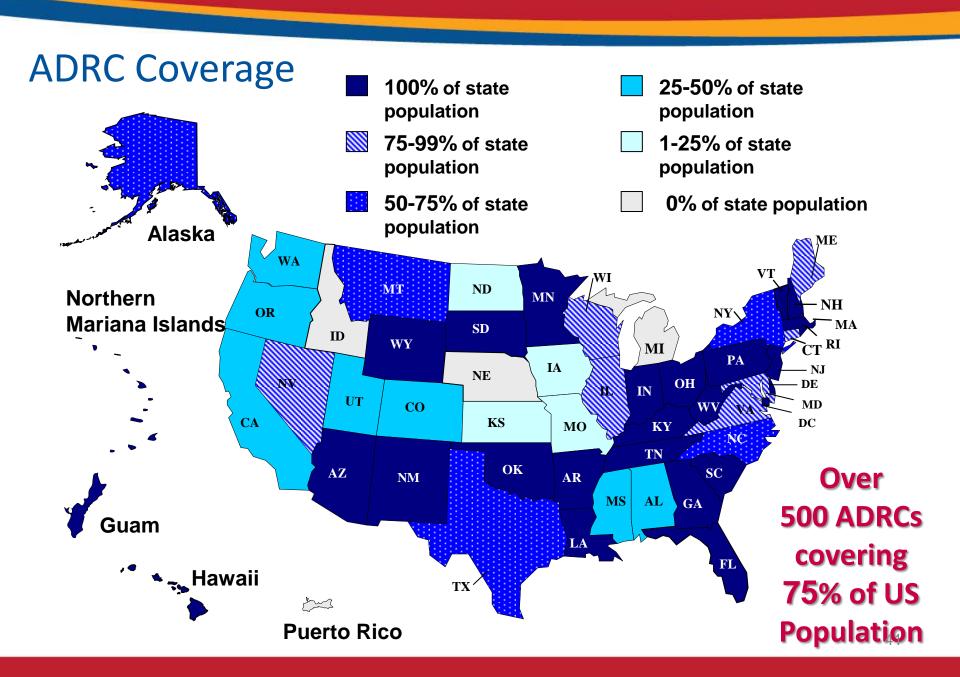
Aging & Disability Resource Centers



"...Highly visible and trusted places where people of all ages and income levels can turn for information and options counseling"

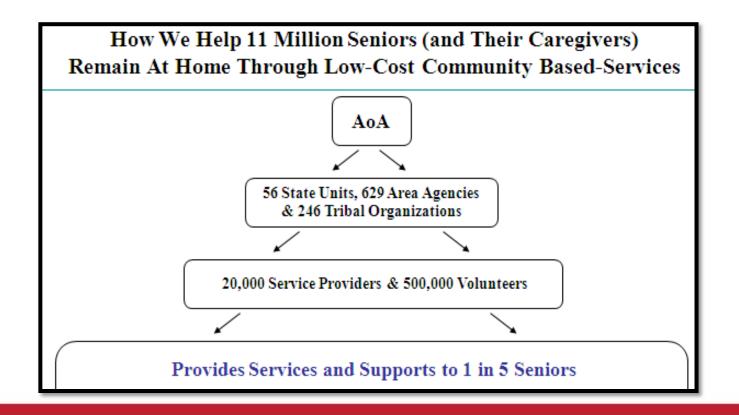
-AoA/CMS 2003 ADRC Program Announcement





Eldercare Locator - Connection to Aging Network

- Public service of the U.S. Administration on Aging (AoA)
- Toll-free number (1-800-677-1116) AND website (www.eldercare.gov)



Eldercare Locator - Call Center Basics

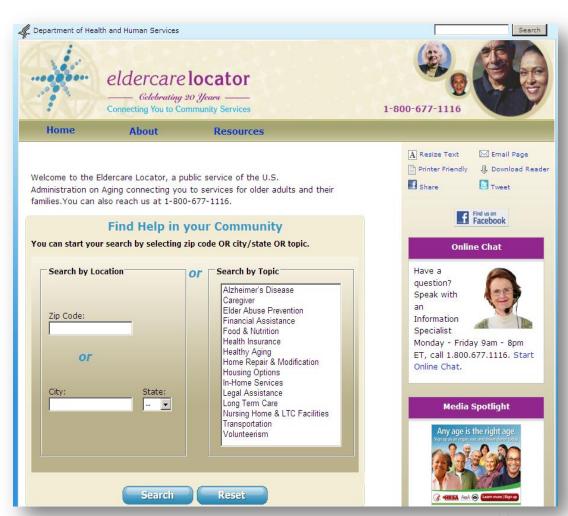
- Open 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.
 Monday Friday (EST)
- Information Specialists (bilingual)
- Language Line
- Assists callers in understanding resources available at the local level
- Connects callers to AAAs/ADRCs/other specialty numbers



Elder Care Locator - www.eldercare.gov

Services Offered:

- Search by location
- Search by topic
- Online Chat
- Helpful links
- Publications



Eldercare Locator - New Media Tools

Widgets





Social Media



Mobile





LEGACY

IT TOOK MILLIONS OF YEARS TO CREATE SOMETHING THIS EXTRAORDINARY.
YOU HAVE ABOUT SEVENTY-FOUR.

Laura Lawrence, MBA, MHSA, LTCP
Director
Office of Nutrition and Health Promotion Programs
Administration on Aging
Administration for Community Living
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

202-357-3510 Laura.Lawrence@acl.hhs.gov

Responding to Senior Oral Health Needs Through Community Based Partnerships

Older Adults and Oral Health:
Inspiring Community-Based Partnerships for Healthy Mouths
May 15, 2013 Webinar

Dental Services at Harbor Health Services, Inc's Elder Services Plan

Dr. Omar L. Ghoneim

Corporate Dental Director Harbor Health Services, Inc oghoneim@hhsi.us phone 617 533 2302 ext. 2278

- Harbor Health Services, Inc.
 - Private, non profit community health agency
 - HHSI owns and operates four federally qualified community health centers
 - HHSI operates a WIC program
 - HHSI provides care and services through an Elder Services Plan (ESP), as a model of care Program of all Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)
 - Dental Services provided at three of the sites and the PACE program

- The Elder Service Plan (ESP) of Harbor Health Services Inc is a PACE model of care program.
- PACE is designed to maintain frail elders in the community and out of nursing homes.
- ESP program is responsible for the comprehensive care, including dental services, for 410 frail elders at our PACE program in Mattapan, MA

• History of PACE

- Origins date to 1978 in San Francisco's Chinatown
- Attempt to care for elders
- Currently approximately 30,000 ESP programs in the US
- PACE program at HHSI originated in 1996
- HHSI recognized that additional care and services were needed to adequately care for elders in the communities served

• Structure of ESP program

- Provider based capitated program
- Comprehensive managed care program that combines Medicaid and Medicare
- ESP is both the provider and the insurer
- Responsible for providing all health care services to its participants
- Strong interdisciplinary team of clinicians
- Emphasis on care coordination and care planning
- Contracts for specialized services when needed
- Assumes clinical oversight and financial responsibility for all services

- Participant eligibility criteria for PACE include:
 - Age 55 or older
 - Need nursing home level of care
 - Live in designated service area
 - Participant is determined to be able to live safely in the community
- Age range of 410 participants at ESP: 55 to 105 years of age.
- Most participants, once enrolled, remain in the program for the rest of their lives.

Framework of Dental Services at ESP

- Portable Dental Equipment and armamentarium
- Scheduling
- Support from ESP team members
- Scope of services provided
- Managing emergencies and patient demand

Breakdown of services by category

161 patients July 2010 through End of March 2013

CATEGORY	% OF SERVICES PROVIDED
DIAGNOSTIC	36.3
PREVENTIVE	25.0
RESTORATIVE	26.7
ENDODONTICS	0.30
PERIODONTICS	0.30
FIXED PROSTHETICS	0.60
REMOVABLE PROSTHETICS	6.60
ORAL SURGERY	3.20
ADJUNCTIVE, MISC	1.00

- Practice Management Metrics
 - Treatment Plan Completion: 43%
 - Goals, per Dentaquest:
 - -50-60% = GOOD
 - **-** 40-50% = SATISFACTORY
 - **–** <40% = AVERAGE
 - Percentage of Patients in Recare, recall: 56.2% of patients have had a periodic exam within the past year

Overall outcomes for ESP

- The hospital 30 day re-admission rate for MassPACE programs was 16.7% vs. the national average of 19.3%.
- Potentially Avoidable Hospitalizations for PACE participants was 44% lower than duals receiving custodial nursing home care
- 54% lower than aged and disabled clients in home and community based waiver programs.
- Over 80% of MassPACE participants score as high risk for falls but less than 2% are hospitalized due to an injury from a fall.
- Over 80% of MassPACE participants live in the community even though 100% of them are scored as needing nursing home level of care.

Keys to success:

- Strong, interdisciplinary team
- Care coordination of all care needs for participants
- Care coordinating team meets daily
- Care team planners, the participant and participant's family members/health care proxies meet once a week.

Challenges

Responding to Senior Oral Health Needs through Community Based Partnerships



Presented by

Donna Bileto, MA, CIRS-A
Community Service Specialist
Northwestern Illinois Area Agency on Aging

Becky Cook Kendall, BS Executive Director Rockford Health Council

Betty Hillier, LNHA, RCAL, CCNC-C, CASP
Assistant Administrator
Presence Saint Anne Center

Cate Osterholz, LNHA Assistant Administrator Presence Cor Mariae Center

Healthy Smile - Healthy You!

Northwestern Illinois Area Agency on Aging - NIAAA

- Northwestern Illinois Area Agency on Aging (NIAAA) is a non-profit organization serving older persons and caregivers in northwestern Illinois.
- NIAAA is funded through the federal Older Americans Act, the State of Illinois General Revenue Funds, grants, and donations.
- •NIAAA's Mission is to enable older persons to live with dignity and independence.
- •NIAAA collaborates with agencies, businesses, faith communities and individuals to improve the quality of life for older persons and their caregivers.



Northwestern Illinois Area Agency on Aging - NIAAA

- Local Initiative
- Link to funded agencies serving older adults
- Title III-B Older
 Americans Act Funding



Responding to Unmet Needs a Community Benefit Initiative

Objectives

- What is a Healthy Community Study? Community Needs Assessment?
- What is the benefit of a community needs assessment?
- Creating a collaborative effort to meet an unmet need.



Healthy Community Study

What is it?

- Process of gathering, analyzing and reporting information to discover unmet needs
- A plan to develop, target and deliver essential community prevention and primary care services
- Periodic assessment of the health of the community



Healthy Community Study

Benefits

- Collect valuable information to help target community benefit, outreach
- Connect community stakeholders,
- Build trust with a commitment to create change
- Break down "silos"



Healthy Community Study

Challenges

- Planning team may not agree with "experts" or data
- Assuring that all the "right people" are at the table
- One determined individual, set in their ways, can wreck the process
- Patience and commitment



Intervention

	Health Problem	Target Group or Population	Intervention	
Oral Health Compromising General Health Oral Health Lack of Sufficient Oral Health Services	Oral Health Compromising	Convene a group of oral health and general medicine practitioners	Beginning stages	Р
	Promote oral health literacy	Conversations begun with local Health Literacy committee.	Р	
	Lack of Sufficient Oral Health Services	Support continuation and expansion of the Healthy Smiles, Healthy Kids program for children's dental care	School dental program very successful in 2011-12 school year; added high schools to provide access for all levels of student in 2012-13.	1
		Support Senior Oral Health Coalition and merge into the RHC Oral Health Work Group to provide representation.	Senior Oral Health Coalition is at the table of the RHC Oral Health Work Group. Senior Oral Health partnership has replicated many strategies from pediatric oral health initiative.	1

- P Planning three or more months away from implementation
- P/I Planning/Implementing within three months of implementation
- I Implementing programs have been implemented and progressing toward goals
- C Completed all current goals met
- F Follow-up evaluation in progress

Building the Coalition

















Build Partnerships

 Established program for seniors to have cleanings and exams at Rock Valley College school of dental hygiene program.



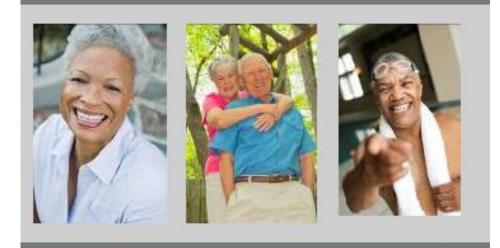
- Northern Illinois Area Agency on Aging, Federal Grant
- Recruit volunteer dentists from Winnebago Dental Society.
- Organized presentations for senior housing.



First....Educate

Create educational material directed to seniors and available to community.

Healthy Mouth Healthy You



Oral Health Education & Resource for Senior Citizens

Increase Access



A federally Qualified Health Center. Championing the needs of the underserved and providing healthcare for all, regardless of their ability to pay, to eliminate disparities in healthcare.

<u>Goal</u>

Increase seniors citizens opportunities to be treated by dentists at clinic.

Outcome

 Starting in 2012 - 10 additional appointments set aside for seniors. Appointments will be for patients needing their dentures fixed, fillings or extractions.

Senior Oral Health Coalition - Accomplishments

- In 2011 the coalition provided 9 seniors citizens access to dental care and provided \$428 in preventative dental care.
- In 2012 the coalition provided 13 seniors citizens with access to dental care and provided over \$3300 in preventative & restorative dental care.
- Educated 380 seniors citizens on oral health.
- Completed 70 oral cancer screenings. 8 with suspicious lesions. 2 with required urgent care.
- Presented community educational workshops at 2 low income senior housing facilities. (Approx. 75 seniors)
- Provided and distributed free dental supplies to seniors.

2013 Strategic Plan



- Continue to explore larger grant opportunities.
- Develop a process for measuring effectiveness of program.
- Review the communities inventory of seniors needing preventive and restorative oral health care.
- Utilize volunteer dentists.
- Education

Contact information



Donna Bileto, MA, CIRS-A Community Service Specialist Northwestern Illinois Area Agency on Aging dbileto@nwilaaa.org



Becky Cook Kendall, BS
Executive Director
Rockford Health Council
bckendall@rockfordhealthcouncil.org



Betty Hillier, LNHA, RCAL, CCNC-C, CASP Assistant Administrator Presence Saint Anne Center Betty.hillier@presencehealth.org



Cate Osterholz, LNHA
Assistant Administrator
Presence Cor Mariae Center
Catherine.osterholz@presencehealth.org

Resources

- CDC http://www.cdc.gov/oralhealth
- HRSA_http://www.hrsa.gov/publichealth/clinical/oralhealth/
 - Find A Health Centerhttp://findahealthcenter.hrsa.gov/Search HCC.aspx
- AoA http://go.usa.gov/2Dgd
 - Eldercare Locator <u>www.eldercare.gov</u>
- NIH http://www.nidcr.nih.gov/OralHealth
- Harbor Health Services, Inc. http://www.hhsi.us/
- NIAAA http://www.nwilaaa.org/

Leave With Confidence



SUCCESS

Because you too can own this face of pure accomplishment

Appendix – Text Descriptions Slide 7

Multi-Bar Graph showing the self-reported times since last dental visit of people age 65 years and older. Variables have been broken down into Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level, and Education.

Race:

Male

- <1yr 56
- 1-2yr 8
- 2-3yr 5
- 3-5yr 6
- >5yr 23

Race/Ethnicity:

White NH

- <1yr 58 1-2yr 8
- 2-3yr 5
- 3-5yr 6
- >5yr 21

Poverty Level:

<100% FPL

- <1yr 30
- 1-2yr 9
- 2-3yr 7
- 3-5yr 13
- >5yr39

Education Level:

Less than HS

- <1yr 35
- 1-2yr 11
- 2-3yr 6
- 3-5yr 10
- >5yr 36

Female

- <1yr 54
- 1-2yr 9
- 2-3yr 6
- 3-5yr 7
- 23 >5yr

Black NH

- <1yr
- 1-2yr 14

38

30

41

7

8

33

53

- 2-3yr 5
- 3-5yr 11
- >5yr

100%-199% FPL

<1yr

2-3yr

3-5yr

>5yr

1-2yr 9

- Hispanic
 - <1yr 38 1-2yr 10
 - 2-3yr 9

 - 3-5yr 9 >5yr 29

>200% FPL

- <1yr 67
- 1-2yr 9
- 2-3yr 5
- 5 3-5yr
- >5yr 13

High School

- <1yr
 - 1-2yr 8
 - 2-3yr 6
 - 3-5yr 7
 - >5yr 24

More than High School

- <1yr 71
- 1-2yr 9
- 2-3yr 4
- 3-5yr 3
- >5yr 11

Slide 12:

Prevalence of Untreated Decay 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level, and Education Sex

Male: 20.4Female: 16.4

Race/Ethnicity

White NH: 15.9Black NH: 36.8Hispanic: 41.2

Poverty Level

<100% FPL: 33.2
100%-199% FPL: 23.8
>200% FPL: 14.2

Education

Less than HS: 26.2High School: 17.7More than HS: 14.3

Slide 13:

Prevalence of Root Caries 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level, and Education Sex

Male: 17.9Female: 11.4

Race/Ethnicity

White NH: 12.2Black NH: 31.2Hispanic: 30.5

Poverty Level

<100% FPL: 24.4
100%-199% FPL: 18.3
>200% FPL: 11.2

Education

Less than HS: 26.6High School: 14.7More than HS: 8.9

Slide 14:

Average number of teeth, 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level, and Education Sex

Male: 19.0Female: 18.8

Race/Ethnicity

White NH: 19.4Black NH: 15.2Hispanic: 18.2

Poverty Level

<100% FPL: 15.6
100%-199% FPL: 17.0
>200% FPL: 20.1

Education

Less than HS: 15.9High School: 18.1More than HS: 21.0

Slide 15:

Prevalence of total tooth loss 65 years and older by Sex, Race/Ethnicity, Poverty Level, and Education Sex

Male: 24.4Female: 29.3

Race/Ethnicity

White NH: 26.1Black NH: 32.8Hispanic: 23.9

Poverty Level

<100% FPL: 44.2
100%-199% FPL: 36.6
>200% FPL: 17.3

Education

Less than HS: 43.3High School: 28.3More than HS: 13.7

Slide 17:

Total tooth loss and average number of teeth for age 50 and older by age groups: 50-64 years

• White NH: 23 (90% Dentate)

• Black NH: 19 (87% Dentate)

• Hispanic: 21 (94% Dentate)

• >200% FPL: 23 (93% Dentate)

• <or=200%FPL: 20 (83% Dentate)

65-74 years

• White NH: 20 (77% Dentate)

• Black NH: 16 (74% Dentate)

• Hispanic: 18 (73% Dentate)

• >200% FPL: 21 (83% Dentate)

• <or=200%FPL: 17 (66% Dentate)

75 years and older

• White NH: 19 (70% Dentate)

• Black NH: 14 (57% Dentate)

• Hispanic: 15 (58% Dentate)

• >200% FPL: 19 (82% Dentate)

• <or=200%FPL: 17 (58% Dentate)

Slide 41:

ADRC Coverage

Over 500 ADRCS covering 75% of US Population

100% of state population

- MN
- SD
- WY
- AZ
- NM
- OK
- AR
- LA
- IN
- KY
- TN
- 110
- GA

75-99% of state population

- WI
- IL
- NV

50-75% of state population

- AK
- TX
- NC
- NY

25-50% of state population

- WA
- OR
- CA
- UT
- CO
- MS
- AL

1-25% of state population

- ND
- IA
- MO
- KS

0% of population

- ID
- NE
- PR
- WI
- MI

- SC
- FL
- WV
- OH
- PA
- MA
- NH
- VT
- GU
- HI
- MP

Slide 66:

Flow chart showing the oral health activities: planning, implementing, completed and follow up items. Oral Health

Health Problem:

- 1. Oral Health Compromising General Health
 - a. Target Group or Population: Convene a group or oral health and general medicine practitioners (Planning Stage 3 or more months away from implementation)
 - i. Intervention: Beginning stages
 - b. Target Group or Population: Promote Oral Health Literacy (Planning Stage 3 or more months away from implementation))
 - i. Intervention: Conversations begun with local Health Literacy committee
- 2. Lack of Sufficient Oral Health Services
 - a. Target Group or Population: Support continuation and expansion of the *Healthy Smiles*, *Healthy Kids* program for children's dental care (Implementing Stage programs have been implemented and progressing toward goals)
 - i. Intervention: School dental program very successful in 2011-12 school year; added high schools to provide access for all levels of student in 2012-13
 - b. Target Group or Population: Support Senior Oral Health Coalition and merge into the RHC Oral Health Work Group to provide representation (Implementing Stage programs have been implemented and progressing toward goals)
 - i. Intervention: Senior Oral Health Coalition is at the table of the RHC Oral Health Work Group.
 - ii. Senior Oral Health partnership has replicated many strategies from pediatric oral health initiative.